

Elementary Reading Interventions

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Why Adequate Progress

- Connecting Blueprint to Adequate Progress
- Students making progress vs adequate progress...how much progress do students need to make to close gaps
- Interventions don't address adequate progress



Think-pair-share

 What systems does your school have in place to allow teachers to collaborate about students who struggle?

 How do you know if what you are doing to help struggling students is working?





Progress Monitoring

Brief, frequent assessments provided to make timely decisions about whether students are making progress in interventions.



Evidenced-Based Progress Monitoring Tools



Foundational Skill	DIBELS 8	Acadience	Easy CBM	FAST
Phonemic Awareness	PSF	FSF PSF	PS	Onset Sounds Word Segmenting
Phonics	NWF-CLS ORF-Accuracy WRF	NWF-CLS ORF-Accuracy	LS WRF-Accuracy PRF-Accuracy	Nonsense Words Decodable Words CBM Reading - Accuracy
Fluency	NWF-WWR WRF ORF	NWF-WWR ORF-Words Correct	WRF PRF	CBM Reading- Words per minute





Traits of Effective Progress Monitoring Tools

Consider these characteristics as you evaluate options.











Brief

1 minute

Train and support

Simple

Sensitive to Growth

Measures the target skill Valid

Same level of difficulty in all probes

Accurate

Research validated over time to predict reading proficiency

Best Practices for Progress Monitoring with DIBELS

- Uses evidence-based measures
- Matches measure to skill and level
- Follows recommended frequency
- Graph data with an aimline and specified goal
- Goals and progress could be shared with students



Article

Progress Monitoring: Mastery Measurement vs. General Outcome Measurement



Information Brief **



Progress Monitoring:

Mastery Measurement vs. General Outcome Measurement

Progress monitoring is a type of formative assessment in which student learning is evaluated on a regular basis to provide useful feedback about performance to both learners and teachers. It consists of frequently administered, brief measures (sometimes referred to as tests or probes). Although teachers score the tests to determine the extent of student progress, they do not use these scores to assign grades.

By frequently administering these measures, teachers can gather information about a student's progress and more effectively guide instruction in academic areas such as reading, writing, and mathematics. These formative assessments allow teachers to continually evaluate student learning and the effectiveness of instruction as well as to make necessary changes in a timely



Formative assessment: The frequent evaluation of student learning during instruction to provide continual feedback about performance to both learners and instructors. Information from the assessment can be used to guide instruction.

Summative assessment: A single evaluation administered after



Types of Progress Monitoring

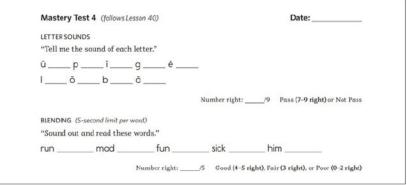
- Mastery Measurement Formative assessments that aim to determine what students have understood from the material taught in the intervention. Tests monitor acquisition of a specific skill. (i.e. SIPPS Mastery Tests, OG Weekly Spelling Tests, BAR Mastery Tests)
- General Outcome Measurement (GOM) A formative assessment which is a quick assessment with standardized tools and administration protocols that tracks student growth across the year (i.e. DIBELS 8 Progress Monitoring).



Types of Progress Monitoring

Mastery Measurement

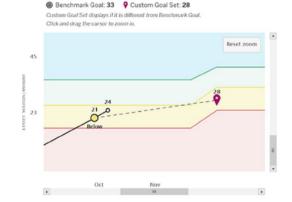




General Outcome Measurement



Letter Sounds NWF-CLS





Partner Talk

– What is the difference between general outcomes measurements and mastery measurements, as defined here?

– Why are both important?





Zones of Growth



Amplify.

Zones of Growth

DIBELS 8th Edition

October 2019



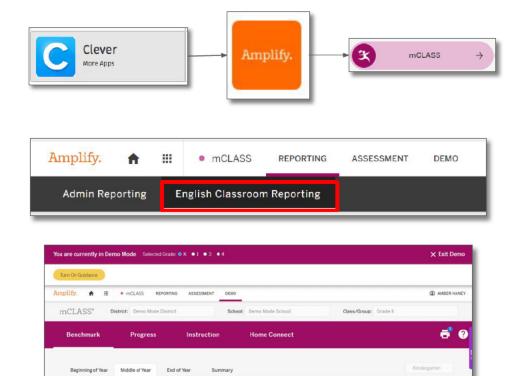
Understanding Zones of Growth

Growth comparisons are with students who begin at the same place





Access through Clever



Decoding NWF-WRO

73%

Sounds

13%

2 Students

Composite

20%

3 Students

Well Below

Class

Summary

Awareness

33%

5 Students

Reading

40%

6 Students

Hcpss.me

Select Clever (Staff View) & Amplify icon

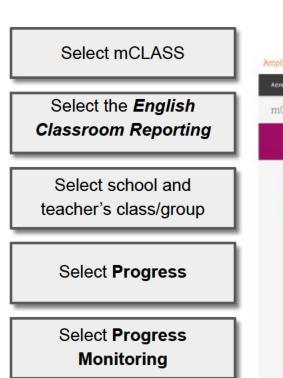
Select mCLASS icon

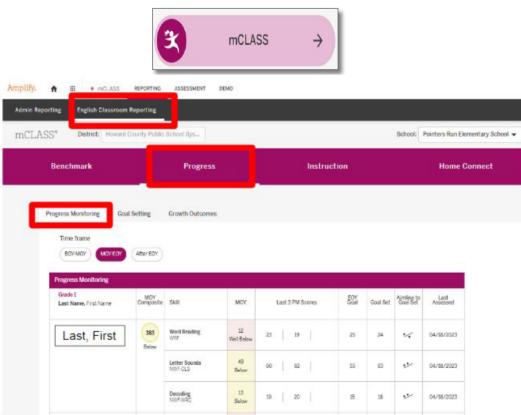
Select **the** English Classroom Reporting & then DEMO

Several options are available in Demo mode. You can exit Demo mode any time.



Steps to Finding Progress Monitoring Graphs





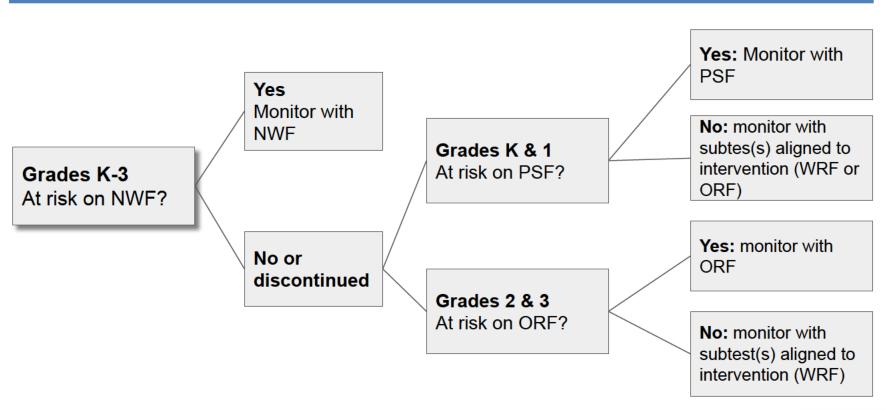


Choosing a Subtest for Progress Monitoring

- Never choose a subtest to progress monitor where the student does not demonstrate risk
- Never use LNF to progress monitor
 - Letter naming proficiency is used for benchmark assessments since it's a good indicator of risk, but should not be monitored or drilled between benchmarks because it is *not* an early reading skill.
- NWF and ORF are the strongest measures for capturing change over time
- Subtest used for progress monitoring should be aligned to the focus of intervention for the student
- Recommend using WRF for a student who is receiving intervention focused on improving sight word recognition, but who is a strong decoder
- Using Maze is not recommended because reading comprehension does not improve rapidly enough, even with intensive intervention. If selected, only PM up to 3-4 times between benchmark intervals.

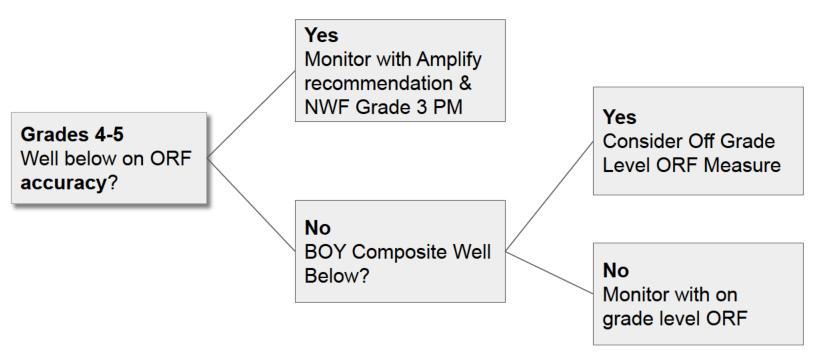


Choosing a Subtest for Progress Monitoring (K-3)





Choosing a Subtest and/or Off-Grade Level ORF for Progress Monitoring (4-5)



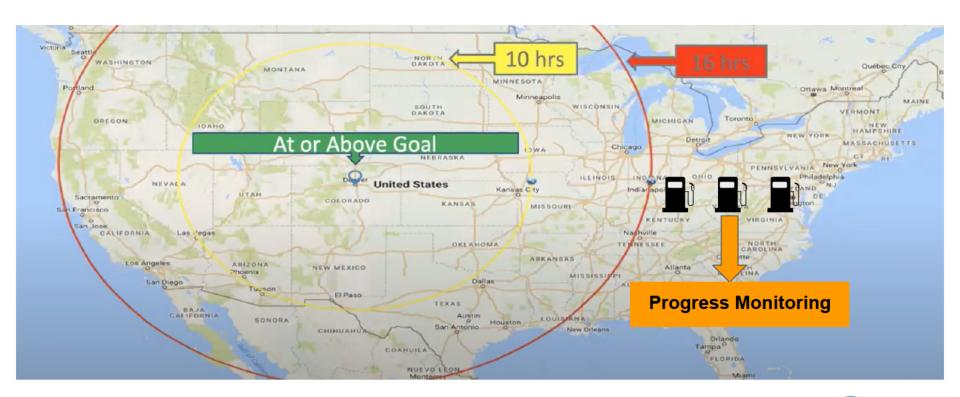


Off Grade Progress Monitoring for ORF in Grades 4-5

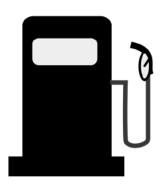
- Consider an off grade PM measure if the student scored Well Below on BOY composite score
- Start with one grade below and give a PM measure, if the student continues to test Well Below, go down an additional grade level
 - The results can be found in the individual student Progress chart
- At MOY, consider going down a grade level if the last 3 ORF administrations are below the aimline
- If the student is demonstrating progress on off grade level forms, administer an on grade level form every 4-6 weeks
- Once a student meets the end of year benchmark goal for the off-grade level with which they
 are being progress monitored, the student should be moved to on-grade level progress
 monitoring

*From DIBELS Administration and Scoring Guide





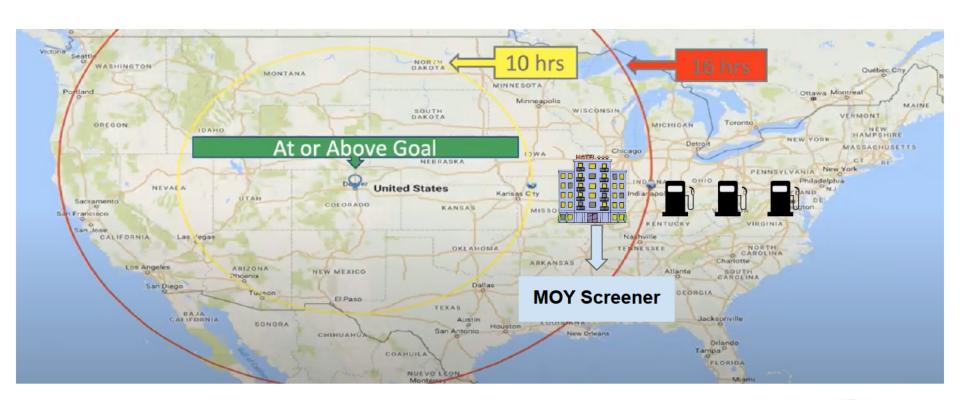




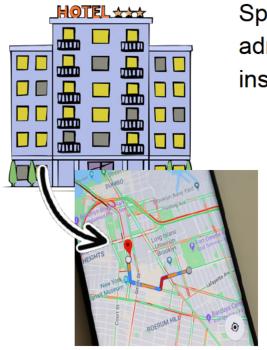
Check out the If/Then charts on your front/back resource!

If	Then			
All 3 PMs at or above aimline	Continue with intervention=Adequate Progress Yes			
2/3 PMs at or above aimline	Investigate and determine whether an adjustment to intervention is needed=Adequate Progress Yes			
1/3 PMs at or above the aimline	Evaluate/adjust intervention=Adequate Progress No (minimal) Select new, more intensive intervention model Increase current frequency			
7 OR	 Increase current intensity and specific skill focus Collaborate with classroom teacher, literacy coach, reading 			
0/3 PMs at or above the aimline	 specialists colleagues, etc. Closely analyze intervention data to identify greatest skill needs Consider IIT referral 			









Spending the night at a hotel and planning the rest of the trip = administering MOY AND analyzing data to determine instructional next steps

MOY Data Analysis

If	Then			
 Student met the benchmark and their Zones of Growth goal in the PM area 	Discontinue progress monitoring in that area and choose new area to match instructional focus			
 Student made Above Average or Average growth on Zones of Growth in PM area but did not meet their goal 	Continue to progress monitor in that area			
Student made Below Average growth on Zones of Growth in PM area and did not meet their goal	Continue to progress monitor in that area but consider adjusting goal			



October 2023

Tuesday Sunday Monday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday 3 **Progress Monitoring** 10 12 13 14 Professional Learning Day Schools closed for students BCE Meeting 4 & 7 pm 17 18 19 20 21 15 16 **Progress Monitoring** Day BOE meets with PTA MSEA Convention Presidents & GAC 7 pm Schools closed for students 22 23 25 28 24 26 27 BOE Meeting 4 pm 29 30 31 **Progress Monitoring** End of first marking period. No half-day Pre-K/RECC.



October 2023

Sunday Friday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Saturday 10 12 Professional Learning Day Schools closed for students BCE Meeting 4 & 7 pm 17 20 21 Professional Work Day BOE meets with PTA MSEA Convention Presidents & GAC 7 pm 22 24 27 28 BOE Meeting 4 pm Schools close 3 hours early End of first marking period.



Idea 1

October 2023 Calendar is subject to change. Please visit www.hopsa org for the most recent version.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	2	3	4	5	· ·	7
8	Professional Learning Day Schools closed for students	10	11	12 BOE Me	13	14
15	16	BOE meets with PTA Presidents & CAC 7 pm	18	19	Professional Work Day MSEA Convention Schools closed for students	21
22	23	24	25	26 BOE Meeting 4 pm	27	28
29	30	Schools close 3 hours early. End of first marking period. No half-day Pre-K/RECC.				

Idea 2

October 2023

Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday 10 11 12 13 14 Professional Learning Day Schools closed for students BCE Meeting 4 & 7 pm 17 20 21 15 16 Professional Work Day MSEA Convention BOE meets with PTA Presidents & CAC 7 pm Schools closed for students 22 24 25 28 23 BOE Meeting 4 pm 29 30 31 Schools close 3 hours early End of first marking period. No half-day Pre-K/RECC.



Idea 3

October 2023

Calendar is subject to change. Please visit www.hcpss.org for the most recent version.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	Professional Learning Day Schools closed for students	10	11	12 BOE Meeting 4 & 7 pm	13	14
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22	23	24	25	26 BOE Meeting 4 pm	27	28
29	30	Schools close 3 hours early. End of lirst marking period. No half-day Pre-K/RECC.				

Idea 4 Make it Your Own

